UBND QUẬN BA ĐÌNH **PHÒNG GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO**

PHIẾU HỌC TẬP – TUẦN 21 NĂM HỌC 2020-2021 Môn: Tiếng Anh Lớp: 8

Mark the letter A,	B, C or D on your answe	r sheet to indicate the w	ord whose underlined part is		
pronounced differe	ntly from that of the rest	in each of the following	questions.		
1. A. wick <u>e</u> d	B. princess	C. legend	D. <u>e</u> mperor		
2. A. p <u>o</u> lluted	B. botanic	C. contaminate	D. econ <u>o</u> mic		
Mark the letter A,	<mark>B, C</mark> or D on your answe	r sheet to indicate the w	ord that differs from the rest		
in the position of th	e main stress in each of t	he follow <mark>in</mark> g questions.			
3. A. aquatic	B. tradition	C. pollution	D. logical		
4. A. domestic	B. possible	C. physical	D. musical		
Mark the letter A,	B, C or D to show the	underl <mark>ined p</mark> art that ne	eds correction in each of the		
following questions.	•				
5. The air (A) in the	country (B) is fresh becaus	se of (C) there is not much	<u>n traffic</u> (D).		
6. $\underline{\text{The}}(A)$ earth is $\underline{\text{th}}$	reaten (B) and the future <u>l</u>	<u>ooks</u> (C) <u>bad</u> (D).			
7. $\underline{If}(A)$ we <u>don't</u> (B) hurry up, we <u>will be</u> (C)	late to (D) the concert.			
Mark the letter A,	B, C or D on your answ	er sheet to indicate the o	correct answer to each of <mark>th</mark> e		
f <mark>oll</mark> owing questions					
8. Air to	ogether wit <mark>h l</mark> itterin <mark>g, is</mark> ca	using many problems in c	our cities today.		
A. pollute	B. pollution	C. polluting	D. polluted		
9. We d	linner when the phone B. had/rang	<u>. </u>			
A. were having/rang	B. had/rang	C. had/was ringing	D. had had/rang		
10. It won't be possi	ble to save the Earth if we	don't take ri	ght now.		
A. action	B. job	C. work	D. duty		
11. We	our environment and keep	it healthy and clean.	_		
A. should protect		B. should be protected	B. should be protected		
C. should protected		D. should be protect			
12. Doctors	that air pollution can	cause lung cancer.			
A. proved	B. has proved	C. have been proved	D. have proved		
	concerned th				
A. on	B. to	C. about	D. over		
14. Pollution greatly	affects the life of	animals.			
A. wine	B. wild	C. whilst	D. while		
15. When wastes are	poured into the atmosphere	re, the air becomes			
A. contaminated	B. contaminating	C. contaminate	D. to contaminate		
16. Environmental	is a big problem	m in large cities nowaday	s.		
A. dirty	B. pollution	C. research	D. dust		
17. If we	_ throwing garbage into the	ne river, it will be polluted	l.		
A. will stop	B. won't stop	C. don't stop	D. stop		
18. I will never talk t	to you again y	you don't give me back m	y money.		
	B. when				

19. If Ha	_ the exam, she	_ to medical college.				
	B. pass/would go	C. passed/will go	D. pass/will go			
20. I'm afraid that I can't you.						
A. helping	B. to help					
21. If people	public transport, there	will be less pollution.				
A. use	B. will use	C. can use	D. used			
22 we miss the last bus, we will have to walk home.						
A. As	B. When	C. If	D. Unless			
23. Many species of wildlife are becoming extinct the rainforests are being destroyed.						
A. therefore	B. since	C. consequently	D. so			
24. A large amount o	f chemical waste is dumped	l into the ocean;	, marine life is seriously			
harmed.						
	B. as					
25. Soil pollution is getting worse the overuse of pesticides.						
A. as	B. since	C. because of	D. because			
26. If the sea water co	ontinues to be polluted, mar	ny aquatic creatures	extinct.			
A. become	B. will become	C. would become	D. have become			
Mark the letter A, E	3, C, or D o <mark>n y</mark> our ans <mark>we</mark> r	sheet to indicate the	most suitable response to each			
o <mark>f t</mark> he following que	stions.					
27. A: "What about jo	oining a Green Campaign?"	P−B: "	''			
A. Yes, I do	B. It sounds great C.	Absolutely D.	Don't mention it			
28. A: "Thank you for helping me with my project." – B: ""						
A. Let me see	B. Awesome C.	You're welcome D.	Not really			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the following						
	in each of the fol <mark>low</mark> ing qu					
29. The water is <u>contaminated</u> by sewage and household waste.						
	B. polluted C.		harm			
30. The <u>plot</u> of this fo	olk tale really moves the rea	ders.				
A. character	B. review C.	critic D.	content			
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the following						
underlined word(s)	in each of the following qu	iestions. 🧹				
31. The authorities ar	e giving temporary solution	is to this problem.				
A. careful	B. swift C.	permanent D.	short-term			
32. Fruits and vegetables grew in <u>abundance</u> on this island. The islanders even exported the surplus.						
A. small quantity	B. amount C.	large quantity D.	excess			
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the						
correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.						
EFFECTS OF NOISE POLLUTION						
Generally, there are three major effects of noise pollution. Firstly, long exposure to noise will (33)						

______people's eardrum, which may result in a (34) _______ hearing loss. Secondly, excessive noises affect aquatic animals in one way or another. Thirdly, noise pollution can even cause mental problems

(35) ______ anxiety and stress. Some people feel stressed and tired (36) ______ they listen to loud music from karaoke bars every day. In short, the consequences can be very (37) ______.

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B. make	C. pollute	D. damage
B. polluted	C. permanent	D. long
B. to include	C. includes	D. include
B. due to	C. because of	D. so
B. worrying	C. worry	D. to worry
	B. polluted B. to include B. due to	B. pollutedC. permanentB. to includeC. includesB. due toC. because of

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

There are many kinds of pollution. Air, water, and land can be polluted. Some pollution is caused by nature, such as floods, forest fires, and volcanoes. People are the major cause of pollution. We pollute the air with our cars, homes, and factories. We pollute the water by dumping garbage and chemicals in the water. We pollute the soil with chemicals and garbage. We harm the land by cutting down trees in the forest, especially to build roads and new houses without careful planning and thinking.

All people need water to drink and to make plants grow. Rivers and lakes are polluted when sewage or garbage is dumped into the water. Plants and animals die because of the pollution in the water. Other pollution in water is caused by oil spills. The oil often stays on top of the water. It covers the beaches and land. It gets on the fish, birds, and animals that live in, on, and around the water.

Particulates are tiny bits of liquid or solid matter that get in the air. Cars and factories put particulates in the air, and this makes the air looks gray and smoggy. Usually, the wind helps the air pollutants to move around, but when the air doesn't move, pollutants stay in the air. Some people cannot go outside when the air is very bad.

The only way to save our environment is to think about pollution. How can you stop or limit pollution? How do we protect our environment?

Conservation is one way to protect our environment. Conservation is the wise use and protection of our environment. We can control water pollution by not producing as much waste and by proper disposal of sewage and garbage. We can take care of recreation land by cleaning up after ourselves and not causing more pollution. Carpooling and public transportation will help reduce air pollution.

Recycling is a type of conservation. Recycling is reusing items over again or in a new way. Recycling can help us conserve our natural resources so they will last many more years.

38. What is the best title for the passage?

B. Types of Pollution

C. Recycling D. Pollution and Conservation

39. What are tiny bits of liquid or solid matter called?

- A. Particulates C. Oil spills
- B. Pollutants

D. Sewage

40. What is the word that is CLOSEST in meaning to the word 'pollutant'?

A. contaminant B. resource C. item

D. poison

41. How can we control water pollution?

A. Use carpool and public transportations

B. Reduce waste and properly dispose sewage and garbage

- C. Recycle items again and again
- D. Stop drinking water
- 42. What is the main idea of the passage?
 - A. The air is dirty from cars.
 - B. The soil gets polluted due to littering.
 - C. Plants and animals die because of pollution from the water.
 - D. People cause pollution, but they can also stop or limit it.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines the root sentences in such a way that their meaning remains unchanged.

- 43. We shouldn't throw the bottles away. They can be collected and recycled.
- A. We shouldn't throw the bottles away but they can be collected and recycled.
- B. We shouldn't throw the bottles away because they can't be collected and recycled.
- C. We shouldn't throw the bottles away because they can collect and recycle.
- D. We shouldn't throw the bottles away because they can be collected and recycled.
- 44. We save water. We won't have to suffer from water shortage.
- A. Unless we don't save water, we will have to suffer from water shortage.
- B. If we save water, we won't have to suffer from shortage.
- C. Unless we save water, we will have to suffer from water shortage.
- D. If we save water, we will have to suffer from water shortage.
- 45. He started using public transport two weeks ago.
- A. He has started using public transport for two weeks.
- B. He has used public transport two weeks ago.
- C. He has used public transport for two weeks.
- D. He has used public transport since two weeks ago.
- 46. Global warming results in the melting of glaciers.
- A. Global warming is caused by the melting of glaciers.
- B. The melting of glaciers causes global warming.
- C. The melting of glaciers results from global warming.
- D. The melting of glaciers leads to global warming.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to each of the following questions and grammatically correct.

- 47. Thermal pollution happens because of the change in the water temperature.
- A. Thermal pollution happens leads to the change in the water temperature.
- B. The change in the water temperature leads to thermal pollution happens.
- C. The change in the water temperature leads to thermal pollution.
- D. The change in the water temperature leads thermal pollution.
- 48. The concert nearby is too loud, so I have to put my earplugs in.
- A. Therefore, the concert nearby is too loud, I have to put my earplugs in.
- B. The concert nearby is too loud therefore I have to put my earplugs in.
- C. I have to put my earplugs in, therefore the concert nearby is too loud.
- D. The concert nearby is too loud; therefore, I have to put my earplugs in.
- 49. My sister was going out yesterday. It suddenly rained.

- A. While my sister was going out yesterday, it suddenly rained.
- B. While it suddenly rained, my sister was going out yesterday.
- C. My sister was going out yesterday while it suddenly rained.
- D. While raining, my sister went out yesterday.
- 50. The weather was so bad, but they decided to go camping.
- A. Despite the weather was so bad, they decided to go camping.
- B. They decided to go camping despite the weather was so bad.

END

- C. Despite the bad weather, they decided to go camping.
- D. Despite they decided to go camping, the weather was bad.